Aerial Lift Safety

Safe Practices for Scissors and Boom Lift Work

Whether working on a scissors or boom lift, using safe work practices will help keep you and others safe from aerial lift hazards.

Overview

Become familiar with the lift manufacturer's operating instructions

Load Capacity

- Load capacity considerations include Weight of Occupants + Tools + Materials + Equipment
- Check rated load capacity, max. extension and side load parameters, and lateral reach (boom lifts)
- Capacity is affected by load weight, platform height
- Boom lift capacity is also affected by boom angle and extension length

Inspect and Test Your Lift Each Day Before Using

- All Lifts: Check the entire lift for structural damage
- Motorized Lifts: Check oil, coolant and fuel
- Electrical Lifts: Check electrical system, condition of batteries, batteries fully charged
- All Hydraulic Systems: Check fluid levels, hydraulic pressure; cylinders and hoses

Important Safety Features

- Guardrails
- · Chain or gate
- Designated lanyard attachment points

Tires

- All Tires: Make sure tires are securely attached, look for splits/cracks/missing pieces of tread
- Inflatable Tires: Check pressure in each tire

Function Testing

- Ground Controls: Run through each function
- Remote Controls: Run through each function from lift platform
- Final Check: Hydraulic fluid leaks

What to Do When There Are Problems With a Lift

- · Don't use the lift
- Place "Out of Service" tag on lift and immediately report the problem to your supervisor

Fall Prevention & Protection

- Fall Restraint Systems: To prevent you from getting into a position where you could fall full-body harness, short non-shock absorbing lanyard or a short Self-Retracting Lifeline (SRL)
- Fall Arrest Systems: To protect you from severe injury if you do fall—full-body harness, shock absorbing lanyard or SRL limiting free fall to 6' or less
- Properly Connected Lanyards or SRLs: Attach to lift manufacturer's designated lanyard attachment points only
- Scissor Lifts: Fall restraint systems are highly recommended; never use a fall arrest system
- Boom Lifts: Require a fall restraint or fall arrest system
- Aerial Lifts: Never step up on mid-rails, top-rails or anything else to extend reach. Use vertical access attachments to extend reach, or use a scaffold or ladder platform

Safe Operating Procedures

- Evaluate Ground Conditions: Conduct a walkthrough, look for obstructions and construction materials, cover and mark holes, mark ledges/ drop-offs, avoid driving through standing water
- Perform a Task Hazard Analysis: Visibility, energized electrical conductors/circuit parts, terrain, load weight and bulk, distribute weight evenly, secure power cords/hoses/welding leads with breakaway lanyards or slip knots